

SRP Narrative

Office Name:

Office Address:

City, State & Zip Code:

Phone Number:

Date:

Insurance Company Name:

RE: Patient Name & Claim Number:

AAP Classification: Generalized Chronic Periodontitis

PERIODONTAL DISEASE RISK FACTORS (Select all that apply)

- | | |
|--|---|
| ☐ Family/Personal history of periodontal disease | ☐ Oral piercing |
| ☐ Calculus | ☐ Age 40 or older |
| ☐ Tobacco use | ☐ Saliva quality/quantity |
| ☐ Probe depths >3mm | ☐ Improper nutrient/vitamin intake |
| ☐ Irregular dental care/oral health low priority | ☐ Missing 8 or more teeth (excluding 3rd molars) |
| ☐ Clinical recession/furcation involvement | ☐ Chronic gingivitis/25% or more BOP sites |
| ☐ Systemic disease (diabetes, cardiovascular, etc.) | ☐ Radiographic loss of crestal bone |
| ☐ Functional oral habits (bruxing/clenching) | ☐ Poor plaque control |
| ☐ Immunosuppression (medically or drug induced) | |

This patient presents with active chronic periodontal disease, characterized by generalized bleeding upon probing, clinical attachment loss, radiographic bone loss, and inflammation manifested by edema, erythema, and/or exudate. Generalized supra and subgingival biofilm, along with supra and subgingival calculus, are prevalent. Additional risk factors have been identified as outlined above.

According to the American Academy of Periodontology (AAP), the American Dental Association (ADA), and the American Dental Hygienists' Association (ADHA), the primary treatment for active periodontal disease is non-surgical scaling and root planing. This patient requires such treatment to prevent further attachment loss and periodontal destruction. Additional adjunctive therapies may also be necessary. Individualized home care instructions will be provided, and subsequent surgical treatment may be considered based on the patient's response to therapy, home care compliance, and ongoing treatment needs. A personalized maintenance protocol will be established.

Sincerely,

American Academy of Periodontology. (2000). Parameter on Chronic Periodontitis With Slight to Moderate Loss of Periodontal Support*Position Paper. Retrieved from <http://www.joonline.org/doi/pdf/10.1902/jop.2000.71.5-S.853>

American Academy of Periodontology. (2000). Parameter on Chronic Periodontitis With Advanced Loss of Periodontal Support*Position Paper. Retrieved from <http://www.joonline.org/doi/pdf/10.1902/jop.2000.71.5-S.856>

Koshi, E., Rajesh, S., Koshi, P., & Arunima, P. R. (2012). Risk assessment for periodontal disease. Journal of Indian Society of Periodontology, 16(3), 324-328. <http://doi.org/10.4103/0972-124X.100905>

Sweeting, L., Davis, K., & Cobb, C. (2015). Periodontal Treatment Protocol (PTP) for the General Dental Practice. © AMRichardson 2018